

ENGINEERING TOMORROW

Application guidelines

Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER

Stepless capacity modulation from 30 to 100 rps in a simple plug and play package





Optyma[™] by Danfoss



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Application Guidelines Important information/Safety

1.1 Symbols are shown left of the text

There are 3 symbols, used for different degrees of danger:



Warning! Risk of serious injury or death to person!



Caution! Danger which can lead to serious damages!



Notice! Risk of damage to equipment!

This guideline is intended to enable users to ensure the safe installation, starting, operation and maintenance of Optyma[®] Plus INVERTER condensing units. This guideline is not intended to replace the system expertise available from system manufacturers.

In addition to this instruction application instructions of compressor drive, controller and other internal components must be taken into consideration as well.

Application Guidelines Product description

2.1 Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER condensing unit	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER combines our market leading expertise in condensing unit design with	• Oil separator with oil heater
	the unique benefits of stepless inverter scroll technology. The result is 20-30% higher energy	Receiver with stop valve
	efficiency in a flexible plug-and-play package, for medium and high temperature refrigeration	Ball valves
	applications in the range of 2kW to 9kW.	• Sight glass
	Standard equipment features: • Variable speed compressor (scroll) with acoustic	• HP and LP switches
	housing and crankcase heater	• Filter drier
	Compressor drive (with EMI filter)	• Optyma [™] Plus controller
	• MCHX condenser	Circuit Breaker MCB, compressor contactor

Condenser fan motor

 Circuit Breaker MCB, compressor contactor with overload relay

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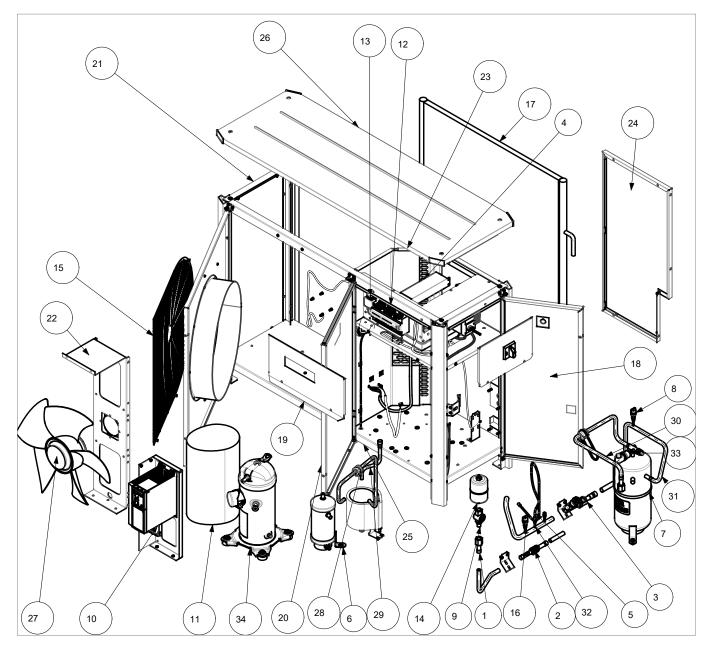
Robust weather proof housing



antos

Application Guidelines Product description

2.2 Exploded view Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER



Legend:

- 1: FSA Adaptor
- 2: Liquid line valve (with schrader)
- 3: Suction line valve + Extra service connection
- 4: EMI filter (drive)
- 5: Oil return pipe
- 6: Oil separator
- 7: Receiver
- 8: High pressure switch
- 9: Sight glass
- 10: Compressor drive
- 11: Acoustic hood

- 12: Optyma[™] Plus controller
- 13: EMI filter (controller)
- 14: Refrigerant filter
- 15: Fan guard
- 16: Low pressure switch
- 17: Microchannel heat exchanger
- 18: Right side door
- 19: E-box cover
- 20: Front door, right side
- 21: Unit frame
- 22: Fan bracket
- 23: Separation panel

- 24: Back panel
- 25: Base plate
- 26: Top panel
- 27: Fan assembly
- 28: Discharge pipe
- 29: Condenser outlet pipe
- 30: Receiver outlet pipe
- 31 Oil separator outlet pipe
- 32: Suction line
- 33: Rotalock valve
- 34: Compressor

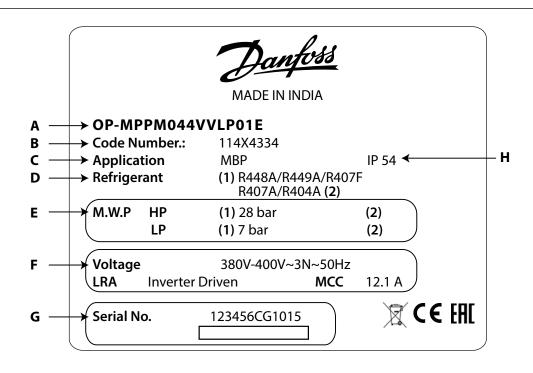


2.3 Condensing unit nomenclature system

OP - M P L M 028 VVL P01 E 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

1	Application	M = MBP
2	Design	P = Packaged units
3	Refrigerant	L = R404A, R407A, R407F P= R404A, R407A, R407F, R448A, R449A
4	Condenser type	M = Standard with micro channel heat exchanger Tambient max 43 deg C
5	Displacement	028 = 28 cm³/rev
6	Compressor platform	VVL = variable speed scroll VLZ compressor
7	Version	P01
8	Electrical code	E = Compressor 400 V/3 phase/50 Hz, fan 230 V/1 phase/ 50 Hz





- A: Model
- B: Code number
- C: Application
- D: Refrigerant
- E: Housing Service Pressure
- F: Supply voltage, M§aximum Current Consumption
- ${\bf G}:$ Serial Number and bar code
- H: Protection

- Serial-no.: XXXXXXCGWWYY
 - XXXXXX = ascending number CG = manufacturing plant WW = week of production YY = year of production



For more information related to EcoDesign compliance, please refer to Coolselector® **coolselector.danfoss.com** or contact Danfoss



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1x220

1x220

Application Guidelines Product description

CE	All models OP-MPLM, OP-MPPM
EAC	All models OP-MPLM, OP-MPPM
Other	Contact Danfoss

0.96

0.96

1x130

1x130

2.6 Technical specifications

2.5 Approvals and certificates

		Condenser co	il	Condenser fan	Receiver				Weight [kg]			
Unit	Туре	Air flow [m³/h]	Internal volume [dm³]	Fan blade Ø [mm]	Volume [L] (without valve)	Depth D [mm]	Width W [mm]	Height H [mm]	Suction line	Liquid line	Gross	Net
OP-MPLM028 OP-MPPM028	G7	5200	1.62	1x500	6.2	481	1406	965	3/4"	5/8"	150	124
OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035	G7	5200	1.62	1x500	6.2	481	1406	965	3/4"	5/8"	151	125
OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044	G7	5200	1.62	1x500	6.2	481	1406	965	3/4"	5/8"	151	125
MCC compressor [A] 400V/3phase				nt. power ption [kW]		MCC Fan [A] 0V/1 phase		Fan power output [W]		Fan power consumption [W]		
OP-MPLM028 8.1 OP-MPPM028		3	3.98		0.96		1x130	1x220				

4.94

6.33

2.7 Spare part codes

OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035

OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044 9.8

12.0

Unit	Compressor	Condenser	Fan assembly	Receiver	Filter	Sight glass	Liquid line valve	Suction line valve	High pressure transmitter	Low pressure transmitter	Suction and ambient temperature	Discharge temperature sensor	Fan grill
OP-MPLM028 OP-MPPM028	120G0162	118U3494	118U3829	118U3476	023Z504591	014F0174	009G7053	009G7054	118U4021	118U4025	084N0003	084N2007	118U3485
OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035	120G0159	118U3494	118U3829	118U3476	023Z504591	014F0174	009G7053	009G7054	118U4021	118U4025	084N0003	084N2007	118U3485
OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044	120G0156	118U3494	118U3829	118U3476	023Z504591	014F0174	009G7053	009G7054	118U4021	118U4025	084N0003	084N2007	118U3485

Unit	Controller*	Main switch	Compressor contact	Door handle	Crankcase heater	High pressure switch	Low pressure switch	Acoustic hood	Compres- sor drive CDS803	EMI filter (Drive)	EMI filter (Controller)	Compressor oil	Oil separator
OP-MPLM028 OP-MPPM028	118U3465	118U3852 118U3854	118U3847	118U3858	120Z5040	118U3718	118U3720	120Z5043	118U3973	118U3972	118U3974	120Z5034 120Z0648	118U3981
OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035	118U3465	118U3852 118U3854	118U3847	118U3858	120Z5040	118U3718	118U3720	120Z5043	118U3973	118U3972	118U3974	120Z5034 120Z0648	118U3981
OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044	118U3465	118U3852 118U3854	118U3847	118U3858	120Z5040	118U3718	118U3720	120Z5043	118U3973	118U3972	118U3974	120Z5034 120Z0648	118U3982

Unit	Top panel	Fan Panel	Back panel	Front panel	Access panel	Left side panel
OP-MPLM028 OP-MPPM028	118U5131	118U5132	118U5133	118U5134	118U5135	118U5165
OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035	118U5131	118U5132	118U5133	118U5134	118U5135	118U5165
OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044	118U5131	118U5132	118U5133	118U5134	118U5135	118U5165

* For service replacement of controller in Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER only new version of controller can be used: code number on the controller is 084B8080.

NOTICE For service purpose original components (spare parts) recommended by Danfoss should be used.

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2.8 Cooling capacities, sound data, power consumption Optyma[®] Plus INVERTER, R407A

		sor	sor ps	σ	С	ooling	capacit	y Q [kW	/]	P [kW]			EcoDes	ign (2)		wer (A)	ssure dB(A)									
Model number	Code number	Compressor	Compressor speed, rps	Tamb [°C]			Te [°C]				COP (1)	Q [kW]	P [kW]	COP _A	SEPR	Sound power level dB(A)	Sound pressur level 10 m dB(/									
		Con	Con sp€	Tar	-15 °C	-10 °C	-5 °C	0 °C	5 °C	-10°C						Sour levi	ound evel 1									
				27	1435	1797	2227	2732	3320								<u> </u>									
			30	32	1345	1686	2092	2570	3128	899	1.88					72.8	41.8									
				38 43	-	1557 -	1934 -	2380	2902							/ 210										
				43 27	- 2382	- 2994	- 3711	- 4543	- 5499																	
			50	32	2243	2829	3515	4310	5224	1333	2.12					73.4	12.4									
			50	38	-	2622	3267	4015	4876							75.4	42.4									
OP-MPPM028VVLP01E	114X4302	VLZ028TGA		43	-	2442	3050	3757	4571																	
				27 32	3499 3306	4412 4177	5470 5183	6686 6339	8069 7654	2005	2 00															
					75	32 38	-	3879	4821	5901	7054	2005	2.08					74.0	43.0							
								43	-	3618	4503	5519	6676													
				27	4549	5740	7106	8660	10413																	
				100	32	4313	5438	6726	8192	9847	2830	1.92	5539	2834	1.95	3.49	75.2	44.2								
					100	38	-	5067	6261	7621	9158							75.3	44.3							
				43	-	4747	5864	7135	8575																	
				27	1806	2259	2796	3426	4157																	
				30	32	1692	2119	2626	3223	3916	1057	2.00					71.7	40.7								
			38 43	-	1956 -	2427	2983	3632																		
				45 27	- 2988	- 3751	- 4643	- 5674	- 6854																	
				32	2812	3542	4393	5378	6504	1599	2.22						41.3									
			50	38	-	3279	4079	5003	6061							72.3										
	11474716			43	-	3051	3803	4674	5674																	
OP-MPPM035VVLP01E	11484310	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA -	VLZ035TGA —		27	4374	5503	6805	8291	9973								
			75	32	4128	5203	6439	7849	9443	2445	2.13					72.9	41.9									
			/5	38	-	4824	5977	7292								12.5	41.2									
				43	-	4492	5573	6806																		
				27	5666	7124		10652		2400	1.02	6076	2404	1.07	2.62											
			100	32 38	5367	6741 6270	8302 7715	10064 9345		3488	1.93	6876	3494	1.97	3.63	74.6	43.6									
				43	-	5864	7212		10442																	
				27	2303	2877	3556	4350	5268																	
			20		2159	2699	3339	4091		1278	2.11					72.6	41.0									
			30	38	-	2491	3085	3785	4600							72.6	41.6									
				43	-	-	-	-	-																	
				27	3796	4757		7163	8629																	
			50	32				6779		1974	2.27					73.1	43.1									
				38 43	-			6294 5870																		
OP-MPPM044VVLP01E	114X4334	VLZ044TGA		43 27				10363																		
					5208		8067		11720	3073	2.13															
			75	38	-		7468		10862							73.7	43.7									
				43	-			8440																		
				27	7125	8914	10926	13170	15649																	
			100	32	6738	8421	10311	12419	14750	4434	1.90	8612	4446	1.94	3.71	74.4	43.4									
			100	38	-	7813		11502								71.4	.5.4									
				43	-	7288	8911	10721	12728																	

[1] Nominal conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Superheat 10K.

[2] Rated conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Return Gas Temperature 20°C

SEPR, Seasonal Energy Performance Ratio Q [W], Cooling Capacity P [W], Power Input



For more information related to EcoDesign compliance, please refer to Coolselector® **coolselector.danfoss.com** or contact Danfoss



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Application Guidelines Product description

Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER, R407F

		sor	sor ps	5	С	ooling	capacit	y Q [kW	V]	P [kW]			EcoDes	sign (2)		wer A)	ssure dB(A)															
Model number	Code number	Compressor	Compressol speed, rps	Tamb [°C]			Te [°C]				COP (1)	Q [kW]	P [kW]	COP _A	SEPR	Sound power level dB(A)	Sound pressure level 10 m dB(A)															
		Con	Spe	Taı	-15 °C	-10 °C	-5 °C	0 °C	5 °C	-10°C						Sour lev	Sound evel 1															
				27	1534	1915	2363	2888	3496																							
			30	32	1447	1808	2234	2733	3313	945	1.91					71.7	40.7															
			50	38	-	1679	2078	2547	3092							71.7	40.7															
				43	-	-	-	-	-																							
				27 32	2598 2450	3258 3083	4022 3815	4900 4655	5902 5613	1410	2.19																					
			50	38	-	2862	3555	4349	5254	1410	2.17					72.3	41.3															
		VLZ028TGA	VLZ028TGA	VLZ028TGA		43	-	2669	3328	4083	4943																					
OP-MPPM028VVLP01E	114X4302				VLZ0281GA		27	3826	4792	5901	7163	8590																				
			75	32	3612	4539	5600	6806	8169	2121	2.14					72.9	41.9															
			75	38	-	4220	5223	6362	7647							12.9	41.9															
				43	-	3942	4895	5977	7197																							
				27	4950	6174	7573		10939	2077	1.07	5005	2070	1.00	2.50																	
							100	32	4689	5857	7191		10400	2977	1.97	5905	2979	1.98	3.58	74.2	43.2											
				38 43	-	5470 5141	6724 6327	8145 7671	9742 9182																							
				27	1931	2408	2969	3623	4380																							
				32	1820	2272	2805	3428	4149	1115	2.04																					
				30	38	-	2110	2609	3193	3871							71.2	40.2														
				43	-	-	-	-	-																							
				27	3258	4080	5029	6116	7351																							
			50	32	3069	3858	4766	5804	6984	1698	2.27					71.9	40.9															
				38	-	3577	4435	5416	6529							/1.9	40.9															
OP-MPPM035VVLP01E	114X4316	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VI 7035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA		43	-	3330	4147	5078	6135								
0				27	4776	5970	7334	8878	10612																							
			75	32	4503	5648	6951		10079	2594	2.18					72.5	41.5															
				38 43	-	5242	6472	7860	9417																							
				45 27	- 6156	4888 7655	6055 0358	7372 11274																								
				32	5825	7254		10699		3679	1.97	7326	3682	1.99	3.71																	
			100	38	-	6764	8286		11902	5075	1.57	, 520	3002	1.22	5.71	73.55	42.5															
				43	-	6347	7783	9397	11198																							
				27	2464	3068	3778	4603	5555																							
			30	32	2322	2895	3568	4354	5260	1353	2.14					72	41															
			50	38	-	2686	3316	4052	4903							12	-11															
				43	-	-	-	-	-																							
					4135		6359		9244	24.05																						
			50		3891			7311 6809		2105	2.32					72.6	41.6															
				38 43	-	4519 4200	5591 5218	6809 6374																								
OP-MPPM044VVLP01E	114X4334	VLZ044TGA			- 6024	7510		11089																								
			_		5670			10503		3271	2.17																					
			75	38	-			9774								73.2	42.2															
				43	-			9143																								
				27	7723	9567	11641	13951	16496																							
			100	32	7298	9052	11023	13215	15631	4694	1.93	9164	4701	1.95	3.78	74	43															
			100	38	-			12315								/4	чЭ															
					-	7884	9618	11548	13675																							

[1] Nominal conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Superheat 10K.
 [2] Rated conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Return Gas Temperature 20°C

SEPR, Seasonal Energy Performance Ratio Q [W], Cooling Capacity P [W], Power Input

For more information related to EcoDesign compliance, please refer to Coolselector® coolselector.danfoss.com or contact Danfoss



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Application Guidelines Product description

Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER, R404A

		sor	sor DS		С	ooling	capacit	y Q [kV	/]	P [kW]			EcoDes	ign (2)		ver A)	sure IB(A)																				
Model number	Code number	Compressor	Compressor speed, rps	Tamb [°C]			Te [°C]				COP (1)	Q [kW]	P [kW]	COP _A	SEPR	el dB(Sound pressur level 10 m dB(/																				
		Co	Spe	Tai	-15 °C	-10 °C	-5 °C	0 °C	5 °C	-10°C						Sour lev	Sound evel																				
				27	1597	1990	2446	2972	3573																												
			30	32	1484	1854	2284	2780	3349	1002	1.85					71.2	40.2																				
				38 43	-	-	-	-	-																												
				27	2700	3340	4080	4929	5894																												
			50	32	2505	3106	3802	4601	5510	1537	2.02					71.2 4 71.9 4 72.5 4 7 73.7 4 73.1 4 73.8 4 74.4 4 75.4 4	40.9																				
				38	2266	2820	3168	4198	5039																												
OP-MPPM028VVLP01E	114X4302	VLZ028TGA		43 27	2060 3994	2574 4916	3168 5976	3853 7181	4636 8542																												
				32	3707	4574	5569	6701	7981	2349	1.95																										
			75	38	3354	4151	4633	6110	7290							72.5	41.5																				
				43	3048	3785	4633	5600	6698																												
				27	5202	6381	7724	9241	10939	2247	1 70	6250	2220	1.00	2.47																						
			100		4832 4368	5939 5384	7198 5965	8620 7845	10214 9310	3317	1.79	6250	3328	1.88	3.47	.47 73.7	42.7																				
				43	4308 3962	4899	5965	7171	8528																												
												27	2027	2517	3085	3739	4485																				
			20	32	1878	2339	2875	3491	4196	1159	2.02					73 1	42.1																				
			30	38	-	-	-	-	-							/3.1	42.1																				
				43	-	-	-	-	-																												
				27	3402	4193	5108	6153	7338	1704	2 17																										
			50	32 38	3158 2854	3899 3533	4755 3937	5735 5215	6846 6236	1794	2.17					73.8 4	42.8																				
				43	2590	3215	3937	4766	5711																												
OP-MPPM035VVLP01E	114X4316 VLZ035	114X4316	114X4316	114X4316	114X4316	316 VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	5 VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA		27	4962	6087	7381		10511								
																										75	32	4610	5659	6866	8240	9790	2813	2.01			
			/5	/5	38	4169	5126	5672	7481	8899							74.4	43.4																			
				43	3784		5672		8133																												
				27	6354	7768		11226		4070	4 77	764.4	4000	1.0.6	_		44.4																				
			100	32 38	5901 5331	7218 6529	8727 7183	10438	12360	4070	1.77	7614	4088	1.86	3.77	75.4																					
				30 43	4828	5926	7183		10227																												
				27	2620	3236	3949	4767	5698																												
			20	32	2426	3008	3681	4453	5334	1391	2.16					70.1	42.1																				
			30	38	-	-	-	-	-							/3.1	42.1																				
				43	-	-	-	-	-																												
						5303		7700		2200	210																										
			50					7183 6541		2288	2.16					73.9	42.9																				
OP-MPPM044VVLP01E								5985																													
	114X4334	VLZ044TGA			6267			10997																													
			75					10234		3618	1.97					74 5	42 F																				
			75	38	5243	6432	7078	9289	10972							74.5	43.5																				
								8472																													
					8008			13888		F100	1 74	0544	5222	1.00	2.74	6 75.5																					
			100					12879		5190	1.74	9560	5220	1.83	3.76		44.5																				
								11626 10539																													
				J	5500	1355	0052	10559	12399																												

[1] Nominal conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Superheat 10K.
 [2] Rated conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Return Gas Temperature 20°C

SEPR, Seasonal Energy Performance Ratio Q [W], Cooling Capacity P [W], Power Input



For more information related to EcoDesign compliance, please refer to Coolselector® **coolselector.danfoss.com** or contact Danfoss



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Application Guidelines Product description

Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER, R448A/R449A

		sor	sor ps	5	C	ooling	capacit	y Q [kW	V]	P [kW]			EcoDe	sign (2)		wer A)	ssure dB(A)																					
Model number	Code number	Compressor	Compressol speed, rps	Tamb [°C]			Te [°C]				COP (1)	Q [kW]	P [kW]	COP _A	SEPR	Sound power level dB(A)	Sound pressure level 10 m dB(A)																					
		Com	Spe	Tar	-15 °C	-10 °C	-5 °C	0 °C	5 °C	-10°C			I			Sour leve	ound evel 1																					
				27	1465	1839	2276	2783	3365								012																					
			30	32	1375	1732	2149	2633	3190	939	1.84					71.2	40.2																					
			50	38	-	-	-	-	-								10.2																					
				43 27	- 2494	- 3107	- 3816	- 4629	- 5553																													
	11484302			32	2346	2930	3605	4029	5259	1415	2.07																											
			50	38	-	2706	3338	4064	4891							71.9	40.9																					
OP-MPPM028VVLP01E		11484202			43	-	2510	3106	3790	4571																												
	11474302	VLZUZUIUA		27	3656	4527	5536	6695	8013																													
			75	32	3443	4270	5226	6324	7573	2159	1.98					72.5	41.5																					
				38 43	-	3949 3670	4842 4509	5866 5472	7032 6569																													
				43 27	- 4686	5774	7041		10171																													
				32	4421	5451	6648	8028	9605	3054	1.78	5548	3058	1.81	3.38																							
			100	38	-	5056	6170	7454	8922							73.7	42.7																					
				43	-	4713	5761	6967	8346																													
									27	1836	2301	2845	3476	4201																								
			30	32	1722	2166	2684	3284	3974	1081	2.00					73.1	42.1																					
			50	38	-	-	-	-	-							/ 511	5.1 72.1																					
				43	-	-	-	-	-																													
				27	3091	3846	4713	5699	6812	1748	2.07					73.8 42.																						
			50	32 38	2896	3616 3327	4442 4102	5381 4983	6441 5977	1/40	2.07						42.8																					
				43	-	3076	3806	4637	5577																													
OP-MPPM035VVLP01E	114X4316	114X4316	114X4316	114X4316	114X4316		VLZ035TGA75	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA -	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA	VLZ035TGA			27	4505	5569	6792	8183	9752								
																										75	32	4227	5238	6396	7713	9200	2718	1.93				
								/5	38	-	4827	5907	7136	8523							74.4	43.4																
				43	-	4472	5487	6641	7945																													
					27	5773	7090		10361																													
							100	32	5439	6683	8119		11631	3839	1.74	6814	3837	1.78	3.29	75.4	44.4																	
				38 43	-	6185 5757	7518 7006		10779 10061																													
				43 27	2364	2954	3637	4422	5317																													
					2213	2776	3429		5037	1316	2.11																											
			30	38	-	-	-	-	-							73.1	42.1																					
				43	-	-	-	-	-																													
				27	3894	4834	5915	7145	8532																													
			50			4544			8058	2051	2.22					73.9	42.9																					
				38	-	4185		6238																														
OP-MPPM044VVLP01E	114X4334	VLZ044TGA		43	-		4779																															
				27 32	5674 5308		8510 8003			3243	2.03																											
			75	38	-		7371		10544	5275	2.05					74.5	43.5																					
				43	-		6825																															
					7289		10828																															
			100	32	6786	8375	10149	12112	14265	4739	1.77	8558	4753	1.8	3.73	73 75.5	44.5																					
			100	38	-	7634	9291	11123	13130																													
			43	-	6982	8539	10260	12145																														

[1] Nominal conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Superheat 10K.
 [2] Rated conditions, Evaporating temperature -10°C. Ambient air temperature +32°C. Return Gas Temperature 20°C

SEPR, Seasonal Energy Performance Ratio Q [W], Cooling Capacity P [W], Power Input

For more information related to EcoDesign compliance, please refer to Coolselector® coolselector.danfoss.com or contact Danfoss

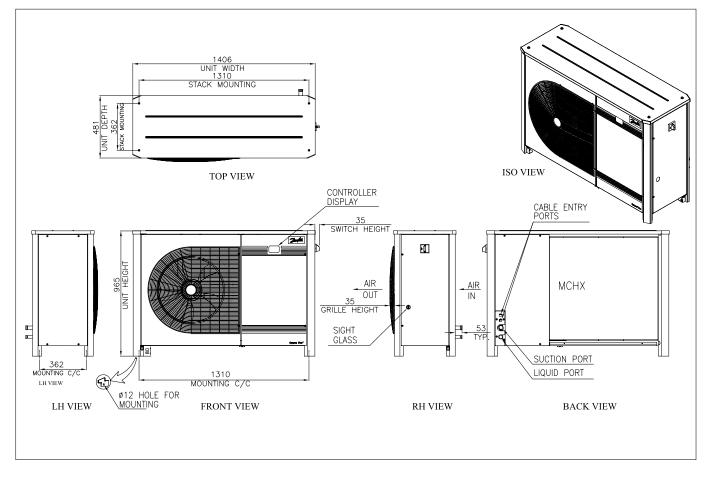


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Application Guidelines Product description

2.9 Layout

OP-MPLM028-035-044, OP-MPPM028-035-044

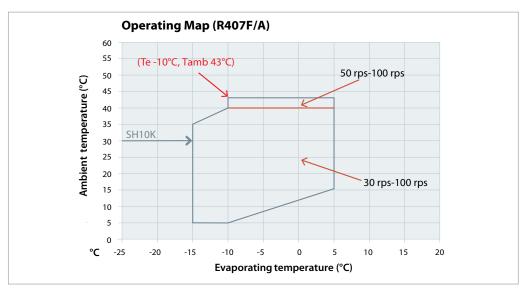


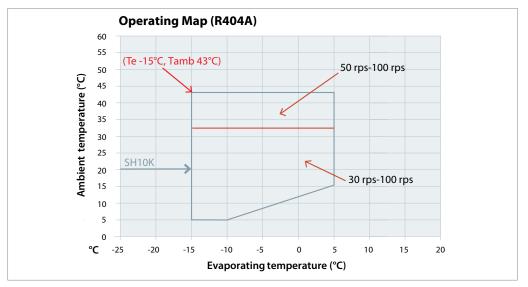
Application Guidelines	Application range			
3.1 Main applications	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER is a perfect cooling solution for typical MBP applications like food retail, petrol forecourt sites, cold rooms ,and display cases. All units are fully wired and factory tested. They have one cabinet sizes and are equipped with one fan.	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER outd units are released for R448A/ R404A.		
3.2 Condensing unit selection	Inverter technology offers more flexibility in condensing unit selection than fixed-speed units. Selection of the right inverter condensing unit size can be made by next method: Select a condensing unit size which achieves the peak load system cooling capacity demand at its maximum speed.	Evaporator1= 1 kW Evaporator2= 2,1 kW Evaporator3= 2,5 kW Evaporator4=1,5 kW Total Q = 7,1 kW (maximum co Minimum cooling capacity = evaporator capacity = Evapor	minimum	·
	NOTICE It is compulsory to secure that condensing unit capacity at minimum speed (30 rps) will not be higher than necessary cooling capacity for the smallest evaporator! In case minimum (at 30 rps) condensing unit capacity is higher than capacity of smallest	According to the capacities a ambient 32 °C and refrigeran unit OP-MPPM035 (maximum achieves the peak load syster (7,1 kW) demand at its maxim at the same time condensing minimum speed (minimum o	t R404A co n capacity 2 n cooling o num speed unit capao apacity 2,3	ndensing 7,2 kW) capacity I but city at 3 kW) is
	evaporator it can cause work of condensing unit outside its application envelope and as consequence reduce lifetime.	higher than necessary cooling smallest evaporator (1 kW).		
	Example1 (evaporating temperature -10 °C, ambient temperature 32 °C, R404A): Evaporator1= 3 kW Evaporator2= 3 kW Evaporator3= 3 kW Total Q = 9 kW (maximum cooling capacity) Minimum cooling capacity = minimum evaporator capacity = minimum evaporating capacity = 3kW	In this case it is recommende few evaporators together (reg thermostat) to achieve smalle higher than minimum capaci unit: by managing Evaporato via one thermostat minimum will be 2,5 kW (Evaporator2) v minimum capacity of conden speed (2,3 kW).	gulated by est required ty of conde r1 and Eva required o which is hig	one d capacity ensing porator4 capacity gher than
	According to the capacities at evaporating -10 °C, ambient 32 °C and refrigerant R404A condensing unit OP-MPPM044 (maximum capacity 9 kW) achieves the peak load system cooling capacity (9,3 kW) demand at its maximum speed and at the same time condensing unit capacity at minimum speed (minimum capacity 3 kW) is not higher than necessary cooling capacity for the smallest evaporator (3 kW).	NOTICE Compressor of C INVERTER is equipped with a Permanent Magnet) motor. The cannot operate without frequent It will be destroyed immediate directly to public network. The from the inverter will be 60 H rpm) up to 200 Hz for 100 rps	IPM (Interi he compre uency conv ely if conn le applied f z for 30 rps	or essor verter. ected frequency s (1800
		Please refer to the table below	N	
	Example2 (evaporating temperature -10 °C, ambient temperature 32 °C, R404A):	Compressor speed	Min	Max
		rps	30	100
		rpm	1800	6000
		Drive output frequency Hz	60	200

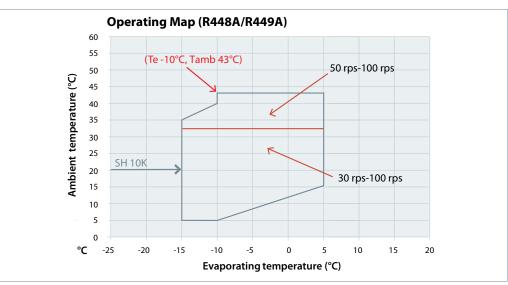
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3.3 Application envelopes

The operating envelopes of Optyma[®] Plus INVERTER are given in the figures below, where the ambient and evaporating temperatures represent the range for steady state operation. The figures below show the operating envelopes for condensing units with refrigerants R448A/ R449A, R407A/F and R404A. The operating limits serve to define the envelopes within which reliable operation of the condensing units are guaranteed.







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Application Guidelines Application range

In case low unit capacity required (30-50 rps) at high ambient temperatures controller will increase compressor speed up to minimum safe speed at high temperature. This minimum safe speed at high temperature is factory preset to 50 rps (controller parameter c47: Start speed of the compressor). It is not recommended to decrease setting of parameter c47 below 50 rps as this can lead to work of compressor at low speed during high ambient conditions which can reduce lifetime of the unit.

	Minimum and maximum evaporating and condensing temperatures as per the operating	envelopes – compressor should work inside application envelope.		
	Other operating limits:	Recommendation		
	Discharge gas temperature	125 °C maximum		
	Evaporator outlet superheat	above 6K (to avoid liquid flood back)		
	Suction gas superheat at compressor inlet	within the limits shown on the application envelope		
	Special attention to suction line insulation will have to be secured in order to:Avoid too high superheat during high ambient conditions that can create too high discharge	 Avoid too low superheat during low ambient conditions that can create condensation of refrigerant in suction line. 		
	gas temperature.			
3.4 Ambient conditions	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER units can be used with ambient temperature from -15°C to 43°C. For altitudes above 2000 m, contact Danfoss. The other working conditions should be within the limits of application envelope.	The CDS803 drive forces the compressor to 50rp (see Optyma Controller parameter c47) for 30s always at compressor start, to ensure proper oil return at low load and short runtimes. The start delay time can be modified via drive parameter 1-71, if a proper oil return is always ensured		
	To assure that the unit can start during cold conditions the parameter "c94 LpMinOnTime" can	without or by modifying this start delay function		
	be used. If this parameter is set to a value that is higher than 0 and the ambient temperature (Tamb) is below 5°C, the internal transmitter "LP switch c75" and "pump down limit c33" will be	In order to change 1-71, a separate LCP panel needs used to change the settings on the drive, the LCP panel has the ordering code 120Z0581.		
	overridden for the number of seconds defined in "c94 LpMinOnTime". And the value for Min on time for the compressor will be set to the largest of the values of "c94 MinLpOnTime" and "c01 Min. on time".	When changing 1-71, a value not lower as 10 seconds should get applied.		
3.5 Limits for voltage supply	Voltage limits: Min: 360 V Max 440 V Phase asymmetry: ±3% Frequency limits: 50Hz ±1%			

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	▲CAUTION Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER unit has to be installed by competent authorized	personnel and the installation shall comply to applicable local laws and rules.
4.1 Location & fixings	The unit is to be placed in such a way that it is not blocking or expose an obstacle for walking areas, doors, windows etc. The foundation where the unit is to be placed upon has to be strong enough to carry the entire weight, see unit data. Ensure adequate space around the unit	Where multiple units are to be installed in the same location, please consider each individual case carefully. Air by-pass around each condenser and between the units should be avoided at all times.
	for air circulation. Avoid installing the unit in locations which are exposed to direct sunshine daily for long periods. Unit has to be placed on a horizontal surface - less than 3° slope, which has to be strong and stable enough to eliminate	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER condensing units can also be used for wall mounting on suitable brackets. Wall mounting brackets are not supplied by Danfoss.
	vibrations and interference. It is recommended to install the unit on rubber grommets or vibration dampers (not part of the Danfoss supply). Installation of unit shall not be done in aggressive and dusty environments.	Another factor to consider in finding a good installation site is the direction of the prevailing wind. For example if the air leaving the condenser faces the prevailing wind, the air flow through the condenser can be impeded, causing high condensing temperatures, improper functioning
	Furthermore the installation of the unit shall not be done in facilities containing flammable gasses or in installation containing flammable gasses.	of the unit and ultimately resulting in reducing the life of the unit. A baffle is a remedy for this situation.
	NOTICE Special attention should be paid if unit needs to be installed close to the sea as this can reduce unit lifetime due to corrosion of metal parts.	

[mm] [mm [mm] Housing 3 250 760 580

77777777 Picture 1: Minimum mounting distances

R: Air out

[mm]

580

Q: Air in

Jantos

Application Guidelines

Installation

4.2 Electrical connection

MUNICATION Ensure that power supply cannot be switched on during installation.

Below table lists recommended wiring sizes for the condensing unit power supply cables. These wiring sizes are valid for a cable length up to 30 m.

found in the wiring diagram. Wiring diagram can

directly cuts the power supply of the compressor

Unit is equipped with an electronic controller and

programmed with parameters ready for use with

The controller and compressor drive are pre-

be found in front door of unit. Unit is equipped

with high and low pressure switches, which

contactor in case of activation.

compressor drive.

the actual unit.

Model	Cable size, mm ² (from network to unit main switch)
OP-MPLM028 OP-MPPM028	4
OP-MPLM035 OP-MPPM035	4
OP-MPLM044 OP-MPPM044	4

Note: 1.The wire size here is the guideline. In each specific case required cable size should be specified by the installer depending on the system design, ambient temperature, the wire material, current, etc. In order to ensure a safe and problem free operation of the unit it is recommended to:

- Ensure that the power supply corresponds to the unit and that the power supply is stable (see nominal values on unit label and power supply limits in paragraph 3.5).
- norm and legal requirements. Ensure that the unit is properly connected to ground.

converter trips or issues a warning (depending

on the load).

4.2.1 Power supply protection

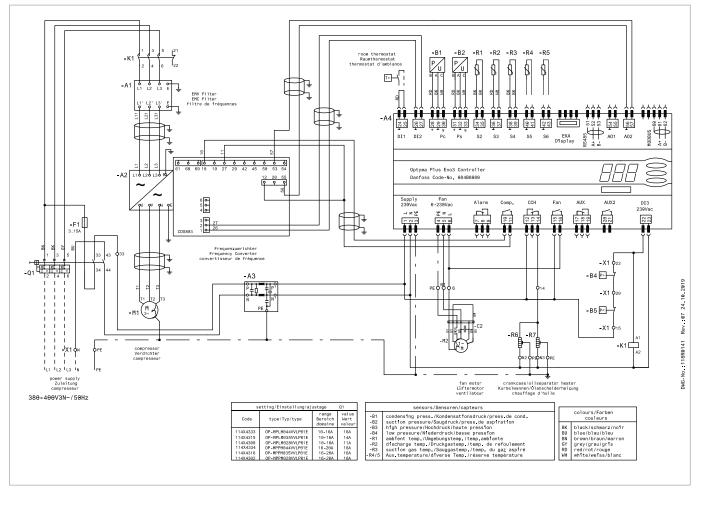
4.2.2 Protection and features

As standard the parameters for operation with - Make the power supply according to present refrigerant R449A set. If another refrigerant is to be used refrigerant parameter (o30) needs to be changed (refer to description in Controller application manual). Parameters for high and The unit is equipped with a main switch with low pressure cut outs are preset in the controller overload protection. Overload protection is preset adapted to the compressor and refrigerant from factory. Value for overload protection can be installed in the unit. be 100kA. Please refer to spare part section for You should use only original circuit breaker, min. short circuit breaking capacity needs to selection of components for service replacement. - Electronic thermal compressor protection against - Monitoring of the intermediate circuit voltage ensures that the frequency converter trips, when overload. the intermediate circuit voltage is too low or too - Temperature monitoring of the heat sink ensures high. that the frequency converter trips in case of overtemperature. - The frequency converter is protected against ground faults on compressor terminals U, V, W. - The frequency converter is protected against - Occurring alarms will be shown in the controller short-circuits between compressor terminals U, V, W. display and by the red LED in front of the frequency converter. - When a compressor phase is missing, the - The root cause of an individual alarm can be frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. shown with an optional LCP (local control panel, - When a mains phase is missing, the frequency code 120Z0581) or the MCT10 setup software.



4.3 Wiring diagrams

OP-MPLM028-035-044, OP-MPPM028-035-044



- A1: EMC/RFI Filter (Compressor)
- B1: Condensing Pressure Transducer B2: Suction Pressure Transducer
- C1: Run Capacitor (Fan)
- M2: Fan Motor
- R3: Suction Temp. Sensor
- **S1 :** Room Thermostat (optional)

Supply: Supply **CCH**: Crankcase Heater A2: Frequency Converter

- F1: Fuse (Control Circuit)
- Q1: Main Switch
- R4,R5 : Auxiliary Temp. Sensor (optional) X1:Terminal

Fan: Fan Aux : Auxiliary A3: EMI Filter (Controls) B3: High Pressure Switch

- K1:Contactor
- R1: Ambient Temp. Sensor

R6: Crankcase Heater

Alarm : Alarm

A4: Optyma[™] Plus Controller

- B4: Low Pressure Switch
- M1: Compressor
- R2 : Discharge Temp. Sensor
- R7: Oil Separator Heater

Comp.: Compressor

Jantoss Installation **Application Guidelines** 4.3.1 Emergency running In case of controller failure, the condensing unit wire 1 to drive terminal 55 without controller can still be operated when the controller standard wire 2 to drive terminal 53 wiring (WD1) is modified into a temporary wiring wire 3 to drive terminal 50 (WD2) as described below. • Turn the knob of the potentiometer to middle This modification may be done by authorized position, which corresponds approximately electricians only. Country legislations have to be compressor speed 50rps. followed. • Remove wire 14 (crankcase and oil separator Disconnect the condensing unit from power heaters) and connect it to the compressor supply (turn hardware main switch off). contactor terminal 22. Contact of Room Thermostat must be possible to • Remove wire 12 (supply crankcase and oil switch 250VAC. separator heaters), extend this wire by using an 250 Vac 10mm² terminal bridge and 1,0mm² • Remove wire 22 (safety input DI3) and wire 6 (fan brown cable and connect it to compressor supply) and put them together. A fan pressure contactor terminal 21. switch (e.g. KP5) or a fan speed controller (e.g. XGE) can be connected in series to wire 6. Remove the large terminal block from the controller terminals 10 to 19. • Remove wire 10 (drive start) and wire 24 (room thermostat) and put them together. · Connect the condensing unit to power supply (turn hardware main switch on). • Remove wire 11 (drive start) and wire 25 (room

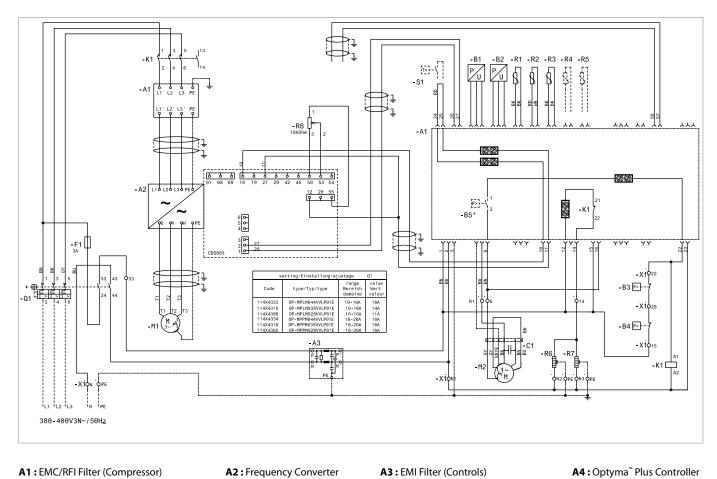
thermostat) and put them together.

(R8) as below:

Remove wire 53 and 55 from drive terminals and connect the attached 10kOhm potentiometer

- Adjust the potentiometer to get the desired speed.
 - Replace the controller as soon as possible.





OP-MPLM028-035-044, OP-MPPM028-035-044- Emergency Wiring

- A1: EMC/RFI Filter (Compressor)
- B1: Condensing Pressure Transducer
- **B5***: Fan Speed Controller / Pressure Switch
- M1: Compressor
- R2 : Discharge Temp. Sensor
- R7: Oil Separator Heater

Supply: Supply CCH : Crankcase Heater R3: Suction Temp. Sensor R8: Compressor Speed Potentiometer

M2: Fan Motor

B2: Suction Pressure Transducer

C1: Run Capacitor (Fan)

Fan:Fan Aux: Auxiliary

A3: EMI Filter (Controls) B3: High Pressure Switch F1: Fuse (Control Circuit) Q1: Main Switch R4,R5 : Auxiliary Temp. Sensor (optional) **S1**: Room Thermostat (optional)

Alarm : Alarm

A4: Optyma[™] Plus Controller

- B4: Low Pressure Switch
- K1:Contactor
- R1 : Ambient Temp. Sensor
- R6: Crankcase Heater X1:Terminal

Comp.: Compressor

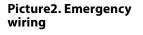
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Application Guidelines

Installation

Picture1. Normal wiring







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Application Guidelines	Installation				
4.4 Electrical protection standard (protection class)	- Scroll compressors: IP22 - Fan: IP54 - Controller: IP20 - Drive: IP20 - Complete unit: IP54	WARNING Power connections under voltage and can cause danger by electrical shock Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER units are fully wired and factory tested. Electrical connection compromise only power supply.			
4.5 EMC compliance	All necessary actions are taken to secure EMC compliance of complete condensing unit!				
4.5.1 Warning when touching unit when OFF	▲WARNING Frequency converters contain DC-link capacitors that can remain charged even when the frequency converter is not powered. To avoid electrical hazards, disconnect AC mains and	must be ensured with a min. 10 mm2 Cu or an additional PE wire – with the same cable cross- section as the mains wiring - must be terminated separately. Residual Current Device This product can cause a DC current in the protective conductor. Where a residual current device (RCD) is used for extra protection, only an RCD of Type B (time delayed) shall be used on the supply side of this product. Recommended Brand & Model Number :			
	wait 15 min for the capacitors to fully discharge before performing any service or repair work. Failure to wait the specified time after power has been removed before doing service or repair could result in death or serious injury.				
	The digital inputs are not a safety switch. They do not disconnect the frequency converter from the mains.				
	Do not remove mains connections, compressor connections or other power connections while the	Make RCCB Model Number Doepke DFS 4B SK, Type B ABB F 804 B, Type B			
	frequency converter is connected to power. CAUTION Leakage Current The ground leakage current from the frequency converter exceeds 3.5 mA. According to IEC 61800- 5-1 a reinforced Protective Earth connection	ABL RA4403, Type B Protective earthing of the frequency converter and the use of RCDs must always follow national and local regulations.			

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Application Guidelines	Installation	
4.6 Phase sequence	Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER units are equipped with variable speed scroll compressors for which proper phase sequence is compulsory in order to secure rotation in right direction and therefore compression.	The phase sequence has to be secured between the drive and compressor. (The phase sequence between network and unit drive is of no influence on the compressor rotation direction).
4.7 Brazed connections	NOTICE Refrigerant connections, brazing and flange connections has to be done by a qualified installer according to EN378.	For brazing the suction and liquid line connections, the following procedure is advised: • Make sure that no electrical wiring is connected
	The unit is supplied with an positive protective pressure of Nitrogen (1 bar). The use of substances containing chlorine, mineral oil or other chemicals is not allowed.	 to the compressor. Use brazing material with a minimum of 5% silver content. Fit the copper tube into the unit tube. Apply heat evenly to area A until the brazing
	Piping has to be designed to avoid vibrations, either through flexibility or piping brackets. Furthermore piping has to be done in such a way that oil return for the compressor is ensured and the risk of liquid slug over in compressor is eliminated.	temperature is reached. Move the torch to area B and apply heat evenly until the brazing temperature has been reached there as well, and then begin adding the brazing material. Move the torch evenly around the joint, in applying only enough brazing material to flow the full circumference of the joint.
	Only use clean and dehydrated refrigeration grade copper tubing. Tube-cutting must be carried out so as not to deform the tubing roundness and to ensure that no foreign debris	 Move the torch to area C only long enough to draw the brazing material into the joint. Remove all remaining flux "once the joint has been soldered" with a wire brush or a wet cloth.
	remains within the tubing. Only refrigerant grade fittings should be used and these must be of both a design and size to allow for a minimum pressure drop through the completed assembly. Follow the brazing instructions bellow. Never drill holes into parts of the pipe-work where filings	Remaining flux would cause corrosion of the tubing. Ensure that no flux is allowed to enter into the tubing. Flux is acidic and can cause substantial damage to the internal parts of the system and compressor.
	and particles cannot be removed. Even during installation, if the system is left for any reasonable period of time (say 1 hour), pipes should be re-capped to prevent moisture and contaminant from entering the system.	The polyolester oil used in VLZ compressors is highly hygroscopic and will rapidly absorb moisture from the air. Condensing unit must therefore not be left open to the atmosphere for a long period of time. Unit fitting plugs shall be removed just before brazing. Condensing unit
	Liquid/suction tubes are extended from the condensing unit housing, therefore we recommend to isolate the housing by using a heat shield and/or a heat-absorbent compound (e.g. wet cloth) on the copper tubing. Use a double- tipped torch.	should always be the last component brazed into the system. Before eventual unbrazing of the compressor or any system component, the refrigerant charge must be removed from both the high- and low-pressure sides. Failure to do so may result in
	heat shield	serious personal injury. Pressure gauges must be used to ensure all pressures are at atmospheric level. For more detailed information on the appropriate materials required for brazing or soldering, please contact the product manufacturer or distributor. For specific applications not covered herein, please contact Danfoss for further information. It is compulsory to braze with a protective
		atmosphere of nitrogen inside the piping. Nitrogen displaces the air and prevents the

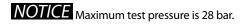
Nitrogen displaces the air and prevents the formation of copper oxides in the system.

24 AB241186442766en-000801

(Copper oxide could block capillary tubes, thermal expansion valves and generate damage of compressor).

Furthermore it is recommended to insulate the suction pipe up to the compressor inlet.

(Insulation should be at least 19 mm thick and is not a part of Danfoss supply). Use only dry pipes and components in order to avoid moisture in the system.



4.8 High pressure transmitter connection

NOTICE Do not open the receiver Rotalock valve entirely, it must be turned 1 round (360°) to the closed direction to provide system pressure to the transmitter!

1. Valve In (from receiver).

- 2. Valve Out (to evaporator).
- 3. Service port (for safety devices).
- 4. Service port (for transmitter or service only).



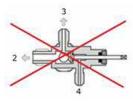


Fig A: Fully closed Condition Port 2 and 3 is fully open port 4 is fully closed **Fig B:** Fully Opened Condition Port 3 and 4 is fully open port 2 is fully closed

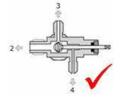


Fig C: Partially Opened Condition Port 2, 3, 4 is fully opened.

WARNING Transmitter failure: Valve shall be opened entirely to disconnect transmitter port from the others.

WARNING Rotolock spindle should be rotated by 5.5 turns/rotation in anticlockwise(from valve fully closed position) to open the valve.

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Application Guidelines System design recommendations

5.1 Piping design

Connection sizes! Unsuitable refrigerant flow rate!

NOTICE Do not assume that the liquid/ suction connection sizes on the unit are in fact the correct sizes to run your interconnecting refrigeration pipes!

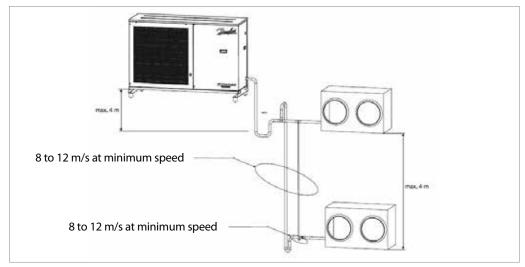
The pipes should be sized to ensure optimum performance and good oil return. The sizing must also take into account the full capacity range through which this particular unit will need to operate. Pipe runs should be kept as short as possible, using the minimum number of directional changes. Use large radius bends and avoid trapping of oil and refrigerant. This is particularly important for the suction line. All pipes should be adequately supported to prevent sagging which can create oil traps. The recommended pipe clamp support distance is shown in Table below:

Tube size	Distance between 2 clamp supports
12 mm (1/2")	1 m
16 mm (5/8")	1,5 m
19 mm (3/4")	1,8 m
22 mm (7/8")	2 m

The suction line should:

- secure gentle slope towards the unit (recommended slope minimum 0,5/100).
- have P traps, double risers and reduced pipe diameters where long vertical risers cannot be avoided.

The suction gas velocity must be sufficient to ensure a good oil return, within 8 to 12 m/s in vertical risers. In horizontal pipes this velocity can decrease down to 4 m/s. The use of U-trap and double suction risers is often required. These suction risers must always be fitted with a U-trap at the bottom and a P-trap at the top and never be higher than 4 m unless a second U-trap system is fitted.



If the evaporator lies above the CU, a pump-down cycle is strongly recommended. If a pump-down cycle were to be omitted, the suction line must have a loop at the evaporator outlet to prevent refrigerant from draining into the compressor during off-cycles. If the evaporator are situated below the CU, the suction riser must be trapped so as to prevent liquid refrigerant from collecting at the outlet of the evaporator while the system is idle, which would mislead the expansion valve's sensor (thermal bulb) at start-up. Maximum safety length of pipes between CU and last evaporator is 20 m.

If pipes length is more than 20 m special adjustment of complete system is needed (oil and refrigerant charge adjustments).

Diameter of separate suction lines from evaporators to condensing unit manifold should be with appropriate size according evaporator capacity (securing recommended speed for proper oil return). Common manifold tube should be as close as possible to condensing unit. **NOTICE** The installer is responsible for the installation of the unit and complete refrigeration system design according particular conditions of each application as this is not scope of current Guideline.

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5.2 Evacuation

Moisture obstructs the proper functioning of both the compressor and the refrigeration system. Air and moisture reduce service life and increase condensation pressure, which causes abnormally high discharge temperatures that are then capable of degrading the lubricating properties of the oil. The risk of acid formation is also increased by air and moisture, and this condition can also lead to copper plating. All these phenomena may cause both mechanical and electrical compressor failures. The typical method for avoiding such problems is a vacuum pump-down executed with a vacuum pump, thus creating a minimum vacuum of 500 microns (0.67 mbar).

NOTICE The evacuation procedure is based upon achieving an actual system Vacuum standard and is NOT TIME DEPENDENT!

Evacuate the installation down to 0,67 mbar to ensure quality vacuum.

It is recommended to evacuate on both high and low pressure side to achieve fast and uniform vacuum in the entire refrigeration system. When the vacuum level has been reached, the system must be isolated from the pump. A vacuum of 0.67mbar has to be reached and maintained for 4 hours. This pressure is to be measured in the refrigeration system, and not at the vacuum pump gauge.

If pressure increases rapidly, the system is not airtight. Locate and repair leaks. Restart the vacuum procedure.

If pressure increases slowly, the system contains moisture inside. Break the vacuum with nitrogen gas and restart the vacuum process again.

▲CAUTION Do not use a megohmmeter nor apply power to the compressor while it is under vacuum as this may cause internal damage.

▲ CAUTION Leak detection must be carried out using a mixture of nitrogen and refrigerant or nitrogen and helium. Never use other gasses such as oxygen, dry air or acetylene as these may form an inflammable mixture. Pressurize the system on HP side first then LP side.

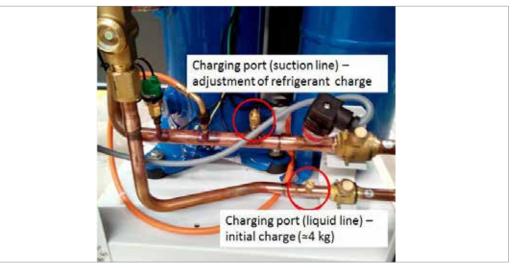
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Application Guidelines System design recommendations

5.3 Refrigerant charge

For the initial charge condensing must not run and eventual service valves must be closed. Charge refrigerant as close as possible to the nominal system charge before starting the compressor. As maximum safe refrigerant charge for compressor is 3,6 kg initial charge can be considered close to 4 kg (will depend on tube sizes, lengths of each individual system). This initial charging operation must be done in liquid phase as far away as possible from the compressor.

Never start the compressor under vacuum, ensure a progressive charge of the system to 4– 5 bar.



For the initial refrigerant charge service port on liquid line ball valve can be used. This port is equipped with Schrader valve.

For the adjustment of refrigerant charge port on the suction line can be used (located between oil return port and suction ball valve port). This port is also equipped with Schrader valve.

Refrigerant charge should secure stable work at minimum and maximum heat load within the limits of condensing unit application envelope!

The remaining charge is done until the installation has reached a level of stable nominal condition during operation.

Next steps can be followed for proper charging or the system:

- keep system working under the max load conditions (all evaporators working, maximum air/liquid flow via evaporator(s)).
- slowly throttling liquid in on the low pressure side as far away as possible from the compressor suction connection by default via the port on suction line as described before.
- keep under the control evaporating pressure, condensing pressure, suction superheat.

- charge system until reaching suction superheat 6-12 K at desired evaporating temperature.

Suction superheat as well as suction, condensing pressures (temperatures) can be read from controller display.

To avoid system overcharging (which can cause higher energy consumption, high pressure alarms) maximum refrigerant charge can be calculated as follows:

Vrec = receiver volume, L, for Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER 6,2 L

VliqL = internal volume of liquid line, L (specific for each system)

0.9 – correlation coefficient due to refrigerant density.

Liqui	d line – Dim	Liquid line - Volume			
OD [inch]	OD [mm]	ID [mm]	VliqL [L/1m]	VliqL [L/10m]	
3/8	9.5	7.9	0.05	0.5	
1/2	12.7	11.1	0.10	1.0	
5/8	15.9	14.1	0.16	1.6	
3/4	19.1	17.3	0.23	2.3	
7/8	22.2	19.9	0.31	3.1	

System design recommendations	
During all of the charge procedure keep the oil heaters ON and keep an eye on the oil sight glass, so that it doesn't change color, density or appearance and it doesn't start foaming. Refrigerant charge quantity must be suitable for	Only refrigerant for which the unit is designed for has to be charged, see unit data.
maximum load conditions as well as for minimum load conditions for both summer and winter operations.	In case of refrigerant blend charging has to be done in liquid form in order to avoid chemical changes of the refrigerant.
It means that refrigerant charge should be enough to feed all evaporators during the peak load conditions and condenser should not be flooded	NOTICE Don't judge the refrigerant charge by the liquid sight glass as 100% correct way. It may mislead you!
by liquid refrigerant during minimum load conditions.	▲CAUTION When Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER unit has to be scraped, refrigerant has to be disposed
Receiver and liquid lines should be able to contain remaining refrigerant during low load conditions.	for destruction. Local laws and rules have to be followed for disposal of refrigerant.
Optyma [™] Plus INVERTER condensing units are supplied with POE oil, the oil separator is pre- charged with 0,31 oil. In case of adding oils always use original Danfoss POE oil from new cans.	In installations with good oil return and line runs up to 20 m, no additional oil is required. If installation lines exceed 20 m, additional oil may be needed. Oil charge has to be adjusted based on the oil level in the compressor sight glass.
checked and topped up if necessary.	Top-up the oil while the compressor is idle. Use the schrader connector or any other accessible
When the compressor is running under stabilized conditions, the oil level must be visible in the sight glass. The presence of foam filling in the	connector on the compressor suction line and a suitable pump.
sight glass indicates large concentration of refrigerant in the oil and / or presence of liquid returning to the compressor. The oil level can also	The oil fills connection and gauge port is a 1/4" male flare connector incorporating a Schrader valve.
stops, the level must be between ¼ and ¾ of sight glass. When the compressor is off, the level in the sight glass can be influenced by the presence of refrigerant in the oil.	Oil changing is not normally necessary for package units.
 Compliance between unit and power supply. Check that valves are opened. Remark: Do not open receiver valve entirely to get correct pressure to the discharge pressure 	 Check that crankcase and oil separator heaters are working. Check that fan can rotate freely. Check for possible faults in the installation.
	 During all of the charge procedure keep the oil heaters ON and keep an eye on the oil sight glass, so that it doesn't change color, density or appearance and it doesn't start foaming. Refrigerant charge quantity must be suitable for maximum load conditions as well as for minimum load conditions for both summer and winter operations. It means that refrigerant charge should be enough to feed all evaporators during the peak load conditions and condenser should not be flooded by liquid refrigerant during minimum load conditions. Receiver and liquid lines should be able to contain remaining refrigerant during low load conditions. Optyma[™] Plus INVERTER condensing units are supplied with POE oil, the oil separator is precharged with 0,31 oil. In case of adding oils always use original Danfoss POE oil from new cans. After commissioning, the oil level should be checked and topped up if necessary. When the compressor is running under stabilized conditions, the oil level must be visible in the sight glass. The presence of foam filling in the sight glass indicates large concentration of refrigerant in the oil and / or presence of liquid returning to the compressor. The oil level can also be checked a few minutes after the compressor stops, the level must be between ¼ and ¾ of sight glass. When the compressor is off, the level in the sight glass can be influenced by the presence of refrigerant in the oil. 1. Compliance between unit and power supply. 2. Check that valves are opened.



Application Guidelines System design recommendations

5.6 Startup of the unit	After below steps are completed:	for Min Condensing Pressure. Scroll fast through
	1) System is completely installed.	the Parameters with a long press on these buttons.
	All electrical connections are done.	 Press short the middle button to show the value
	3) System is charged.	of the selected Parameter.
		 Press afterwards the upper (or lower) button to
	Next steps are needed to start the unit:	change the value of the selected parameter. A
		long press on these buttons will change the value
	The controller of the condensing unit is set for	fast
	R449A. If this factory setting of refrigerant as well	 Select parameter "r12" again.
	as other factory settings of parameters fits for the	 Change the value to 1 (one).
	requirement of your application, no controller	 Confirm the value with a short press on the
	parameter must be changed.	middle button (the 3 LED-signs stop flashing and
	 For a refrigerant change go into the parameter 	the condensing unit will start if required).
	menu (press upper button 5 seconds).	 After 20 seconds the display returns to the
	 Select parameter "r12" (software main switch) 	evaporation temperature in °C, the new refrigerant
	with a short press on lower button.	and all relevant parameters are changed.
	Activate parameter "r12" with middle button and	· · ·
	change the value to 0 (zero).	It is compulsory to energize crankcase and oil
	• Confirm the value with a short press on the	separator heaters at least 1 hour before initial
	middle button (the 3 LED's start flashing).	start-up and start-up after prolonged shutdown
	• Go to the parameter "o30" (Refrigerant).	to remove refrigerant in liquid phase from the
	• Change the value of parameter "o30" to 21 if	compressor.
	R407A, 37 if R407F will be used.	•
	• Confirm the value with a short press on the	Condensing unit is factory preset for quick
	middle button.	installation and start up. Compressor drive is
	Press short the upper (or lower) button to go to	fully managed by condensing unit controller and
	the next Parameter of the Parameter menu, e.g.	therefore all parameters settings should be done
	Parameter r23 for suction pressure setpoint or r82	only via condensing unit controller.
5.7 Check after start	After a couple of hours of stable operation	4. Check superheat.
	following has to be checked via service	5. Check oil level.
	parameters U :	6. Check for abnormal noises.
	1. Unit current consumption.	7. Check for abnormal vibrations.
	2. Rotation of fan (suction through condenser).	8. Suction and discharge pressures.

- 2. Rotation of fan (suction through condenser).
- 3. Check for leakages in refrigerant system.

Application Guidelines	Condensing unit controller	
	In order to provide the highest level of compressor protection, energy efficiency and adaptation to	variable conditions condensing unit is equipped with specific controller.
6.1 Advantages	 Condensing pressure control in relation to outside temperature. Fan speed regulation. On/off and variable speed regulation of the compressor. Crankcase heating element control. Day/night controller operation. 	 Built-in clock function with power reserve . Built-in Modbus data communication. Monitoring discharge temperature td. Oil return management control at variable speed operation.
6.2 Controller's regulation logic	The controller receives a signal for demanded cooling, and it then starts the compressor. If compressor is controlled by variable speed, the suction pressure (converted to temperature) will be controlled according to the set evaporating temperature. Condenser pressure regulation is performed following a signal from the ambient temperature	sensor and the set reference corresponding to difference between condensing and ambient temperatures. The controller will then control the fan, which allows the condensing temperature to be maintained at the desired value. The controller can also control the heating element in the crankcase so that oil is kept separate from the refrigerant.
6.3 Functions	 Control of condensing temperature. Control of fan speed. On/off control or speed regulation of the compressor. Control of heating element in crankcase. Liquid injection into economizer port. 	 Raising the condenser pressure regulation reference during night operation. Both internal and external start/stop cooling. Safety cut-out activated via signal from automatic safety control.
6.4 Regulation reference for condensing temperature	The controller controls the condensing temperature in relation to the ambient temperature. This difference is preset in the	controller. It can also, via another parameter, get increased at night.
6.5 Fan operation	The controller will control the fan so that the condensing temperature is maintained at the desired value above the ambient temperature.	
6.6 Compressor control	The compressor is controlled by a signal at the DI1 input. The compressor will start once the input is connected. Three restrictions have been implemented to avoid frequent start/stops: - minimum ON time. - minimum OFF time. - time elapsed between two starts. These three restrictions have the highest priority during regulation, and the other functions will wait until they are complete before regulation can continue. When the compressor is 'locked'	by a restriction, this can be seen in a status notification. DI3 input is used as a safety stop for the compressor, an insufficient input signal will immediately stop the compressor. The compresso is speed-controlled with a voltage signal at the AO2 output. If the compressor has been running for a long period at low speed, the speed is increased for a short moment for the purpose of oil return.

Application Guidelines	Condensing unit controller	
6.7 Maximum discharge gas temperature	The temperature is recorded by sensor Td. If variable speed control is chosen for the compressor, this control will initially reduce the compressor capacity if the Td temperature approaches the set maximum value. If higher temperature is detected than the set max. temperature, the fan's speed will be set to 100%. If this does not cause the temperature to drop, and if the temperature remains high after the	set delay time, the compressor will be stopped. The compressor will only be re-started once the temperature is 10 K lower than the set value. The above mentioned re-start restrictions must also be complete before the compressor can start once again. If the delay time is set to '0', the function will not stop the compressor. The Td sensor can be deactivated (o63).
6.8 High pressure monitoring	During regulation, the internal high pressure monitoring function is able to detect an over the limit condensing pressure so that the regulation can continue. However, if the C73 setting is exceeded, the compressor will be stopped.	If, on the other hand, the signal comes from the interrupted safety circuit connected to DI3, the compressor will immediately be stopped and the fan will be set to 100%. When the signal is once again 'OK' at the DI3 input, the regulation will resume.
6.9 Low pressure monitoring	During regulation, the internal low pressure monitoring function will cut out the compressor upon detecting a suction pressure that falls below the lower limit, but only once the minimum ON	time is exceeded. An alarm will be issued. This function will be time delayed, if the compressor starts at low ambient temperature.
6.10 Pump down limit	The compressor will be stopped if a suction pressure that falls below the set value is registered, but only once the minimum ON time is exceeded.	
6.11 Data communication	The controller is delivered with built-in MODBUS data communication and can be connected to an ADAP KOOL® network. If a different form of data communication is requested, a LON RS-485 module can be inserted in the controller. The connection will then be made on terminal RS 485. Important: All connections to the data communication must comply with the requirements for data communication cables.	All condensing units are delivered with controllers which are factory pre-set. See below table with factory setting of controllers integrated into condensing units and controllers supplied separately for service replacement (when controller is supplied as spare part for service replacement its factory settings are slightly different and should be adjusted according to controller unit specific settings in paragraph 6.12 and application specific requirements).

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6.12 Controller settings

NOTE! In case of controller replacement beware that unit controller settings are different from default controller factory settings!

Function	Code	Min.value	Max.value	Default controller	Unit controller
				settings	settings
Normal operation					
Set point Tc (regulation reference follows the number of degrees above the outside temperature Tamb)		2.0 K	20.0 K	8.0 K	
Regulation					
Select SI or US display. 0=SI (bar and °C). 1=US (Psig and °F)	r05	0/ °C	1/F	0/ °C	
Internal Main Switch. Manual and service = - 1, Stop regulation = 0, Start regulation =1	r12	-1	1	0	1
Offset during night operation. During night operation the reference is raised by this value	r13	0 K	10 K	2 K	
Set point for suction pressure Ts	r23	-25 °C	10°C	-7°C	
Readout of reference for Tc	r29	-	-	-	
Thermostat cut-in value for an external heating element (069=2 and o40=1)	r71	-30.0°C	0.0°C	-25°C	
Min. condensing temperature (lowest permitted Tc reference)	r82	0°C	40°C	30°C	
Max. condensing temperature (highest permitted Tc reference)	r83	20°C	50°C	40°C	
Max. discharge gas temperature Td	r84	50°C	140°C	125°C	125°C
Alarms					
Alarm time delay on signal on the DI2 input	A28	0 min.	240 min.	30 min.	
Alarm for insufficient cooling in condenser. Set temperature difference.	A70	3.0 K	20.0 K	10.0 K	
Delay time for A70 alarm	A71	5 min.	240 min.	30 min.	
Compressor					
Min. ON-time	c01	1 s	240 s	5 s	
Min. OFF-time	c02	3 s	240 s	120 s	
Min. time between compressor starts	c07	0 min.	30 min.	5 min.	
Pump down limit at which the compressor is stopped (setting 0.0 = function dis-activated)	C33	0.0 bar	6.0 bar	0.0 bar	2.3
Min. compressor speed	c46	30 rps	70 rps	30 rps	
Start speed for compressor and min. speed for high condensing temperatures	c47	30 rps	70 rps	50 rps	
Max. compressor speed	c48	50 rps	100 rps	100 rps	
Max. compressor speed during night operation (% value of c48)	c69	50%	100%	70%	
Definition of compressor control: 0: No compressor - Condensing unit OFF 1: Fixed speed - Input DI1 used to start / stop of fixed speed compressor 2: Variable speed - Input DI1 used for start / stop of variable speed-controlled com- pressor with a 0-10 V signal on AO2	c71	0	2	1	2
Time delay for high Td. The compressor will stop when time expires	c72	0 min.	20 min.	1 min.	
Max. pressure. Compressor stops if a higher pressure is recorded	c73	7.0 bar	31.0 bar	23.0 bar	25.8
Difference for max. pressure (c73)	c74	1.0 bar	10.0 bar	3.0 bar	
Min. suction pressure Ps. Compressor stops if a lower pressure is recorded	c75	-0.3 bar	6.0 bar	1.4 bar	2
Difference for min. suction pressure and pump down	c76	0.1 bar	5.0 bar	0.7 bar	
Amplification factor Kp for compressors PI regulation	c82	3.0	30.0	20.0	
Integration time Tn for compressors PI regulation	c83	30 s	360 s	60 s	
Liquid Injection Offset	c88	0.1 K	20.0 K	5.0 K	
Liquid Injection hysteresis	c89	3.0 K	30.0 K	15.0 K	
Compressor stop delay after Liquid injection	c90	0 s	10 s	3 s	
Desired compressor speed if the signal from the pressure transmitter Ps fails	c93	25 Hz	70 Hz	60 Hz	
Min On time during Low Ambient LP	c94	0 s	120 s	0 s	
Measured Tc for which the Comp min speed is raised to StartSpeed	c95	10.0°C	70.0°C	50.0°C	
Control parameters					
Amplification factor Kp for PI regulation	n04	1.0	20.0	7.0	
Integration time Tn for PI regulation	n05	20	120	40	
Kp max for PI regulation when the measurement is far from reference	n95	5.0	50.0	20.0	



Application Guidelines Condensing unit controller

Function	Code	Min.value	Max.value	Default controller settings	Unit controller settings
Fan					
Readout of fan speed in %	F07	-	-	-	
Permitted change in fan speed (to a lower value) % per second	F14	1.0%	5.0%	5.0%	
Jog speed (speed as a % when the fan is started)	F15	10%	100%	40%	
Jog speed at low temperature	F16	0%	40%	10%	
Definition of fan control: 0=Off; 1=Internal control. 2=External speed control	F17	0	2	1	
Minimum fan speed. Decreased need will stop the fan	F18	0%	40%	10%	
Maximum fan speed	F19	40%	100%	100%	
Manual control of the fan's speed. (Only when r12 is set to -1)	F20	0%	100%	0%	
Phase compensation (should only be changed by specially trained personnel.)	F21	0	50	20	
Real time clock					
Time at which they switch to day operation	t17	0 hrs	23 hrs	0	
Time at which they switch to night operation	t18	0 hrs	23 hrs	0	
Clock - Setting of hours	t07	0 hrs	23 hrs	0	
Clock - Setting of minute	t08	0 min.	59 min.	0	
Clock - Setting of date	t45	1 day	31 day	1	
Clock - Setting of month	t46	1 mon.	12 mon.	1	
Clock - Setting of year	t47	0 year	99 year	0	
Miscellaneous					
Network address	003	0	240	0	
On/Off switch (Service Pin message) IMPORTANT! o61 must be set prior to o04 (used at LON 485 only)	004	0/Off	1/On	0/Off	
Access code (access to all settings)	o05	0	100	0	
Readout of controllers software version	008	-		-	
Select signal for display view. 1=Suction pressure in degrees, Ts 2=Condensing pressure in degrees, Ts	o17	1	2	1	
Pressure transmitter working range Ps - min. value	o20	-1 bar	5 bar	-1	
Pressure transmitter working range Ps- max. value	o21	6 bar	200 bar	12	
Refrigerant setting: 13=User defined. 19=R404A. 20=R407C 21=R407A. 37=R407F. 40=R448A. 41=R449A	* o30	0	42	0	41
Input signal on DI2. Function: 0=not used, 1=External safety function. Regulate when closed, 2=external main switch, 3=Night operation when closed, 4=alarm function when closed, 5=alarm function when open, 6=on/off Status for monitoring 7=Alarm from speed regulation	037	0	7	0	
		0	3	1	
Pressure transmitter working range Pc- min. value	047	-1 bar	5 bar	0 bar	
Pressure transmitter working range Pc – max. value Setting of condensing unit type (is factory set when the controller is mounted	* o61	6 bar 0	200 bar 69	32 bar 0	55 or 56 or 57*
and cannot be subsequently changed) The sensor input S3 is to be used to measure the discharge gas temperature (1=yes)	063	0	1	1	
Replace the controllers factory settings with the present settings	067	Off (0)	On (1)	Off (0)	
Defines the use of the Taux sensor: 0=not used; 1=measuring of oil					
temperature; 2=other optional use Period time for heating element in crankcase (ON + OFF period)	069 P45	0 30 s	3 255 s	0 240 s	
Difference for heating elements 100% ON point	P45	-20 K	-5 K	-10 K	
Difference for heating elements 100% OFF point	P40	-20 K	-3 K 20 K	-10 K	
Read-out of operating time for condenser unit. (Value must be multiplied by 1,000). The value can be adjusted	P48	-		0 h	
Read-out of compressor operating time. (Value must be multiplied by 1,000). The value can be adjusted	P49	-	-	0 h	



Application Guidelines Condensing unit controller

Function		Code	Min.value	Max.value	Default controller settings	Unit controller settings
Read-out of operating time of heating element in crankcase. (Value must be multiplied by 1,000). The value can be adjusted		P50	-	-	0 h	
Read-out of number of HP alarms. The value can be adjusted		P51	-	-	0	
Read-out of number of LP alarms. The value can be adjusted		P52	-	-	0	
Read-out of number of Td alarms. The value can be adjusted		P53	-	-	0	
Oil return management. Compressor speed for the counter starting point		P77	25 rps	70 rps	40 rps	
Oil return management. Limit value for counter		P78	5 min.	720 min.	20 min.	
Oil return management. Boost-speed		P79	40 Rps	100 Rps	50 Rps	
Oil return management. Boost-time		P80	10 s	600 s	60 s	
Service						
Readout pressure on Pc		u01	bar			
Readout temperature Taux		u03	°C			
Status on DI1 input. 1=on=closed		u10				
Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on=night operation		u13				
Readout superheat		u21	К			
Readout temperature at S6 sensor		u36	°C			
Status on DI2 input. 1=on=closed		u37				
Readout the compressor capacity in %		u52	%			
Status on relay to compressor. 1=on=closed	**	u58				
Status on relay to fan. 1=on=closed	**	u59				
Status on relay to alarm. 1=on=closed	**	u62				
Status on relay "Aux". 1=on=closed	**	u63				
Status on relay to heating element in crank case. 1=on=closed	**	u71				
Status on high voltage input DI3. 1=on=230 V		u87				
Readout condensing pressure in temperature		U22	°C			
Readout pressure Ps		U23	bar			
Readout suction pressure in temperature		U24	°C			
Readout ambient temperature Tamb		U25	°C			
Readout discharge temperature Td		U26	°C			
Readout suction gas temperature Ts		U27	°C			
Readout the voltage on the output AO1		U44	V			
Readout the voltage on the output AO2		U56	V			

Following controller parameters are modified from factory setting by condensing unit production.
All Other parameters in «unit controller setting» are same as "Default controller setting"
r12: 1 (main switch = ON).
c71: 2 (compressor type = variable speed compressor).
c73: 25.8 (max. condensing pressure = 25.8bar(g)).
c75: 2.0 (min. suction pressure = 2.0 bar(g)).
o30: 41 (refrigerant: 19=R404A, 21=R407A, 37=R407F, 40=R448A, 41=R449A).

- o61: 55, 56 or 57 (compressor size: 55=VLZ028, 56=VLZ035, 57=VLZ044).

Following parameter should be modified by

installer if controller is used as pump down device.

- c33: 2.3 (pump down limit, should be min. 0.3bar higher than c75 to avoid

unwanted alarms).

Modification of controller parameters shall be done by qualified persons only.

In case of any problems with controller it is possible to connect unit bypassing it: see details in chapter 4.3.1 of this guideline.

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Application Guidelines

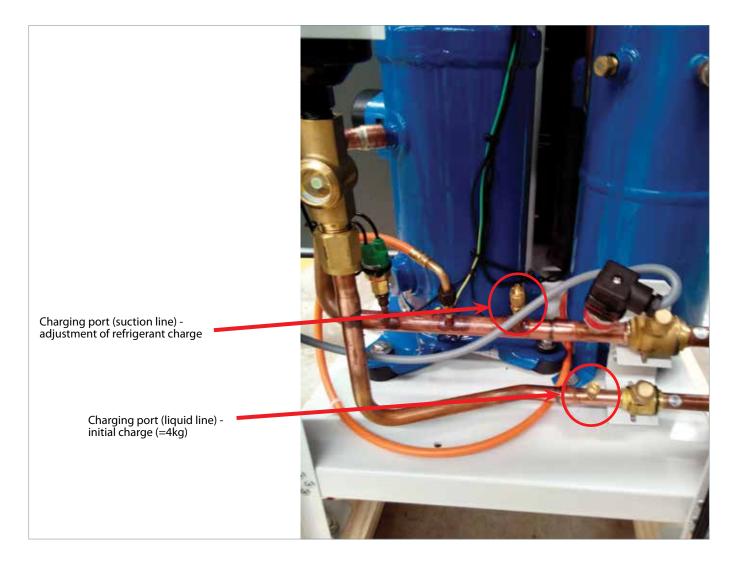
Service and maintenance

7.1 General recommendations	WARNING Even if main switch of condensing unit is in position OFF power still available at income terminals of main switch. In case of any service related to electrical components inside condensing unit it is recommended to disconnect condensing unit from the power by switch located before condensing unit. It is recommend to check the unit for leakages minimum once a year and in accordance with national requirements.	 Furthermore following should be checked: 1. Electrical and refrigerant connections for damages, corrosion etc. 2. The mounting devices (bolts, nuts, etc) of the unit. 3. Vibrations: if it is on the same level as after installation or any signs of abnormal vibration. 4. Operation conditions. 5. Airflow across the condenser. 6. Oil level. 7. Tightness of electrical connections. 8. Operation of the crankcase and oil separator heaters. Compressor must always be warmer than any other component in the circuit, even if the circuit is switched off for seasonal stop.
7.2 Condenser	 Condenser should at least once a year be checked for clogging and be cleaned if deemed necessary. Access to internal side of condenser takes place through fan door. Remember to switch off the unit at main switch before opening the fan door. In comparison to fin and tube heat exchangers, microchannel coils tend to accumulate more of the dirt on the surface and of the less dirt inside which can make them easier to clean. Step 1: Remove surface debris Remove surface dirt, leaves, fibres, etc. with a vacuum cleaner (preferably with a brush or other soft attachment rather than a metal tube), compressed air blown from the inside out, and/ or a soft bristle (not wire!) brush. Do not impact or scrape the coil with the vacuum tube, air nozzle, etc. 	Step 2: Rinse Do not use any chemicals (including those advertised as coil cleaners) to wash microchannel heat exchangers. They can cause corrosion. Rinse only with water. Hose the MCHE off gently, preferably from the inside out and top to bottom, running the water through every fin passage until it comes out clean. Microchannels fins are stronger than traditional tube & fin coil fins but still need to be handled with care. Do not bang the hose into the coil. Step 3: Optional blow dry Microchannel heat exchangers, because of their fin geometry, tend to retain water more than traditional fin & tube coils. It may be beneficial to blow or vacuum out the rinse water from your unit to speed drying and prevent pooling.
7.3 Service and safety advice	If the refrigerant system has been opened the system has to be flushed with dry air or nitrogen to remove moisture and a new filter dryer has to be installed. If evacuation of refrigerant has to be done, it shall be done in such a way that no refrigerant can escape to the environment. Beware of hot and cold components in the refrigeration system. The components in the refrigeration system are pressurized; as a consequence special attention has to be paid during operation on these components.	Safety goggles, gloves, protective clothing, safety boots, hard hats or another safety equipment should be worn when necessary. Never install a system in the field and leave it unattended when it has no charge, a holding charge, or with the service valves closed without electrically locking out the system. Do not touch the compressor until it has cooled down. Ensure that other materials in the area of the compressor do not get in touch with it. MARNING Before Starting Repair Work - Disconnect from mains - Wait as stated before for discharge of the DC-link. (Refer section 4.5.1 Warning when touching unit when OFF) - Remove compressor cable.

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Application Guidelines Service and maintenance

7.4 Access ports



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Application Guidelines	Transportation, handling and storage	
8.1 Unpacking	When unit reaches your warehouse, inspect the packing for any visible damage and make sure it is in good condition. In the event you detect any damage, please contact your forwarder	immediately: send a registered letter to the shipping company claiming the suffered damage, a copy of which should be sent responsible contact in Danfoss.
8.2 Transportation and handling	Move the condensing unit only with appropriate mechanical or handling equipment according to weight. It is recommended not to open the packaging before the unit is at the final place for installation. Handle the unit with care. The packaging allows for the use of a forklift or pallet	jack. Use appropriate and safe lifting equipment. Store and transport the unit in an upright position. Store the unit between -35°C and 50°C. Don't expose the packaging to rain or corrosive atmosphere. After unpacking, check that the unit is complete and undamaged.
8.3 Disposal Instruction	Equipment containing electrical components must not be disposed of together with domestic waste. It must be separately collected with electrical and	electronic waste according to local and currently valid legislation.

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Application Guidelines	Warranty	
9.1 Warranty conditions	Always transmit the model number and serial number with any claim filed regarding this product. The product warranty may be void in following cases: • Absence of nameplate.	 Use in mobile applications. Use in explosive atmospheric environment. No model number or serial number transmitted with the warranty claim.
	 External modifications, in particular drilling, welding, broken feet and shock marks. Compressor opened or returned unsealed. Rust, water or leak detection dye inside the compressor. 	NOTICE Charging of refrigerant or oil not specified by Danfoss as suitable for the unit will lead to annulment of warranty from Danfoss A/S side (if the refrigerant or oil are not approved in writing by Danfoss). Annulment of warranty
	 Use of a refrigerant or lubricant not approved by Danfoss. Any deviation from recommended instructions 	from Danfoss side will also take place if the unit is altered without written approval from Danfoss.
	pertaining to installation, application or maintenance.	Warranty is governed by the Danfoss general terms of warranty.
9.2 Unauthorized changes	Warranty can also be rejected in case of unauthorized modifications of the condensing unit: - Modification of electrical box. - Modification of internal piping system of the	 Direct changes of drive parameter setting (all parameter changes should be limited to controller setting changes. No changes allowed on the drive itself). Replacement of drive, compressor, fan or other
	condensing unit.	components on the condensing unit by similar components which are not Danfoss original

components or approved by Danfoss.

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Application Guidelines Data collected during start up

Identification				
Country				
Installation reference (shop name)				
City of installation				
Installer Company				
Unit Code/Type				
Serial N° of unit				
Installation Date				
Commission Date				
Installation				
Refrigerant				
Number of evaporators connected to the variable speed condensing unit				
Expected maximum Ambient temperature °C				
Expected minimum Ambient temperature °C				
Evaporators				
Evaporator N°	1	2	3	4
Type of application (cold room, cabinet, process cooling, etc.)				
Distance to the unit [m]				
Vertical position of the unit (+ if above or - if below)				
Evaporator Cooling capacity [kW]				
Evaporating pressure [bar] / temperature [°C]				
Superheat at evaporator outlet [K]				
Type of expansion valve used : Thermostatic (TEV) - electronic (EEX)				
Compressor				
Suction gas temperature [°C] or pressure [bar] at compressor inlet				
Frequency observed at stabilised condition				
Oil level in oilsightglass after start-up (1/4 - 1/2 - 3/4)				
Oil topup [L]				
Refrigerant charge [kg]				
Electrics & controls				
Has the installation a stable power supply				
Voltage (between L1/L2/L3)	U1:	U2:	U3:	
What's the type of grid (IT, TT, TN)				
If system-manager used (AK-SM, AK-SC), type				

Kind request to provide after start-up completed copy of this page to your wholesaler of purchase, as part of warranty modalities.



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Danfoss Commercial Compressors

is a worldwide manufacturer of compressors and condensing units for refrigeration and HVAC applications. With a wide range of high quality and innovative products we help your company to find the best possible energy efficient solution that respects the environment and reduces total life cycle costs.

We have 40 years of experience within the development of hermetic compressors which has brought us amongst the global leaders in our business, and positioned us as distinct variable speed technology specialists. Today we operate from engineering and manufacturing facilities spanning across three continents.



Our products can be found in a variety of applications such as rooftops, chillers, residential air conditioners, heatpumps, coldrooms, supermarkets, milk tank cooling and industrial cooling processes.



Danfoss A/S

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